

STYLING AND TECHNOLOGY STUDIO - HMI AT DRIVER'S SUPPORT

FILIPPO CAPPADONA Stuttgart, 12th of June 2012

- ➡ Pininfarina today
- ⇒ Pininfarina tradition in eco-mobility
- ⇒ Needs for Smart Cities
- ➡ Pininfarina's proposal
- ⇒ The Ecogem Project
- ⇒ The Astute Project







Pininfarina Vision

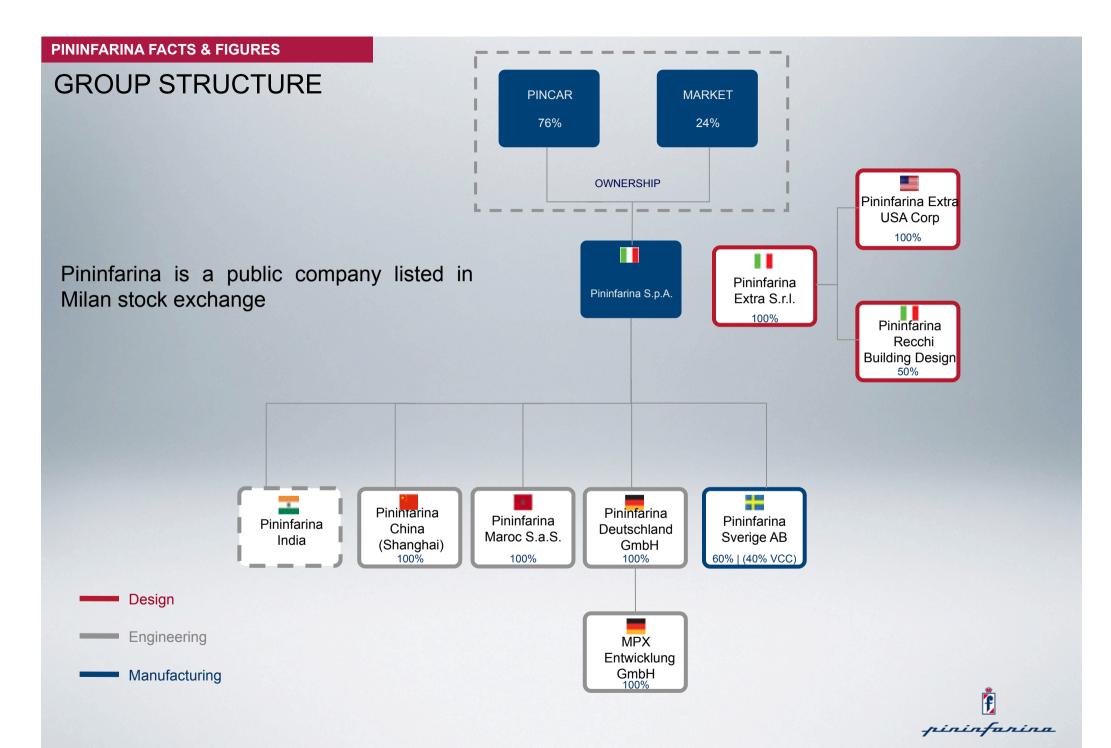
Dressing the Technology

Pininfarina Strategy

Design and Engineering	Sustainable Mobility	Brand Enhancement
Mass production vehicles	Nido EV	One off
	Blue car	Special Vehicles
High end/ Luxury Vehicles	Hy-bus	Brand Licensing
Ferrari	Research projects	Industrial Design

Niche Manufacturing

pininfarina



PININFARINA FACTS & FIGURES

RESOURCES & INDUSTRIAL TOOLS

850 employees One Design and Engineering Research Center, two Manufacturing Plants One state-of – the art Wind Tunnel, Internal Test Facilities and benches



Pininfarina Design and Engineering Cambiano (Turin, Italy) Design, product engineering, vehicle integration, modeling and prototyping

Wind Tunnel Grugliasco (Turin, Italy) Aerodynamic and Aeroacoustic Research Center



Internal Test Labs Cambiano (Turin, Italy) Body stiffness, Modal Analysis, Climatic Chambers, other benches







Pininfarina Manufacturing San Giorgio Canavese (Turin, Italy) Trim and final assembly shop, test track and final tuning,



Pininfarina Manufacturing Bairo Canavese (Turin, Italy) Trim and final assembly shop, test track and final tuning,

Analysis, Climatic Cha other benches





Industrial Consultancy

Engineering









Niche Manufacturing



Industrial Design



PRODUCT DEFINITION/PORTFOLIO









Show Cars



Industrial Vehicles & Railways

Fast Growing Markets



Sustainable Mobility

RESEARCH ACIVITIES















PININFARINA's

design approach is characterized by

Innovation, functionality and aesthetic coherence

which reflect the brand values in terms of harmony, progress and luxury





PININFARINA ETHOS (1994)



SUSTAINABLE MOBILITY



PININFARINA ETA-BETA (1996)



SUSTAINABLE MOBILITY



PININFARINA METROCUBO (1999)





PININFARINA NIDO(2004)





<u>pininfarina</u>



PIINFARINA - BOLLORÉ BLUE CAR (2008)





PININFARINA CAMBIANO (2012)





TRAM SIRIO PROGRAM





TALGO AVRIL

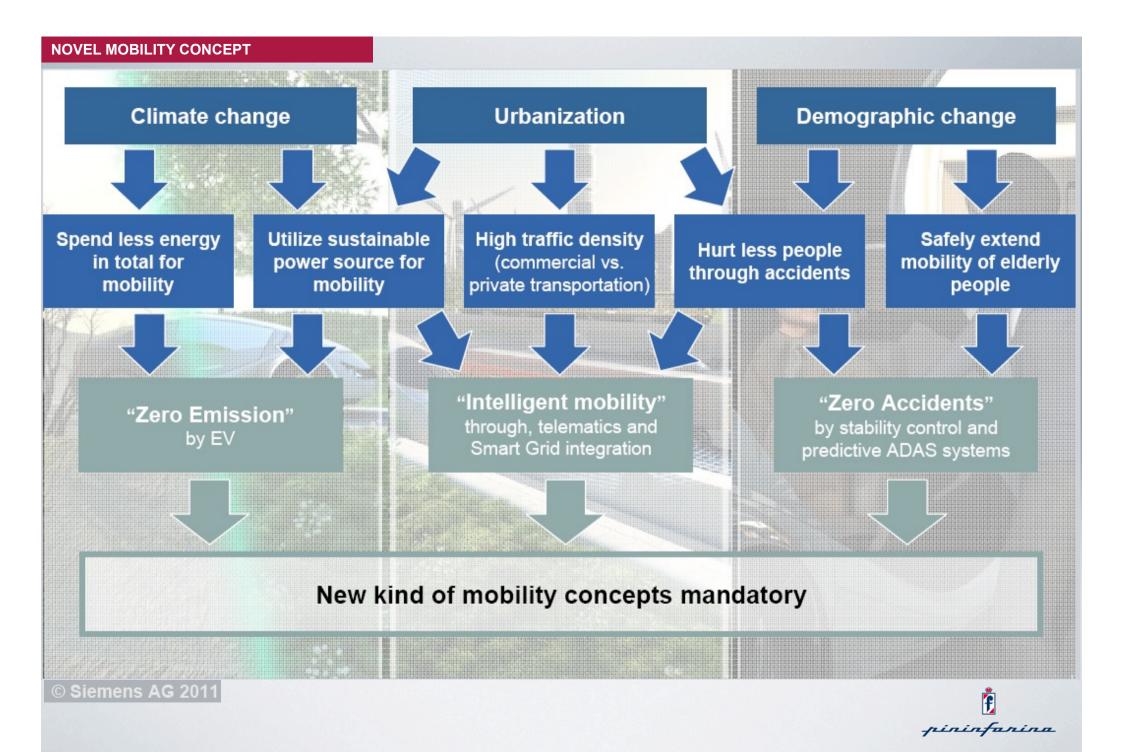
EUROSTAR REFURBISHMENT





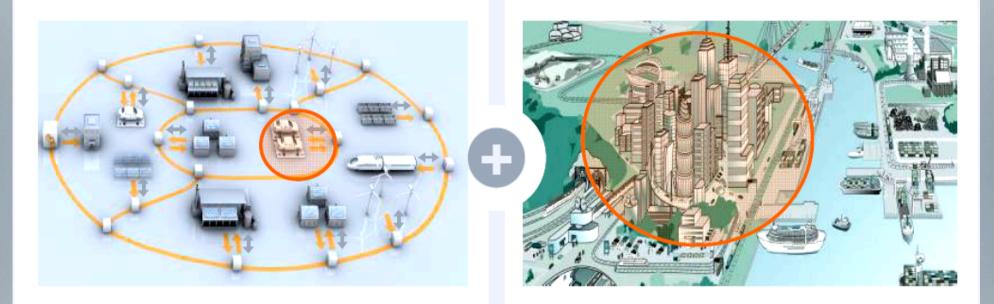
PININFARINA HYBUS PROGRAM





Energy: Smart Grid

Transport: Sustainable urban mobility



Electromobility as part of the Smart Grid

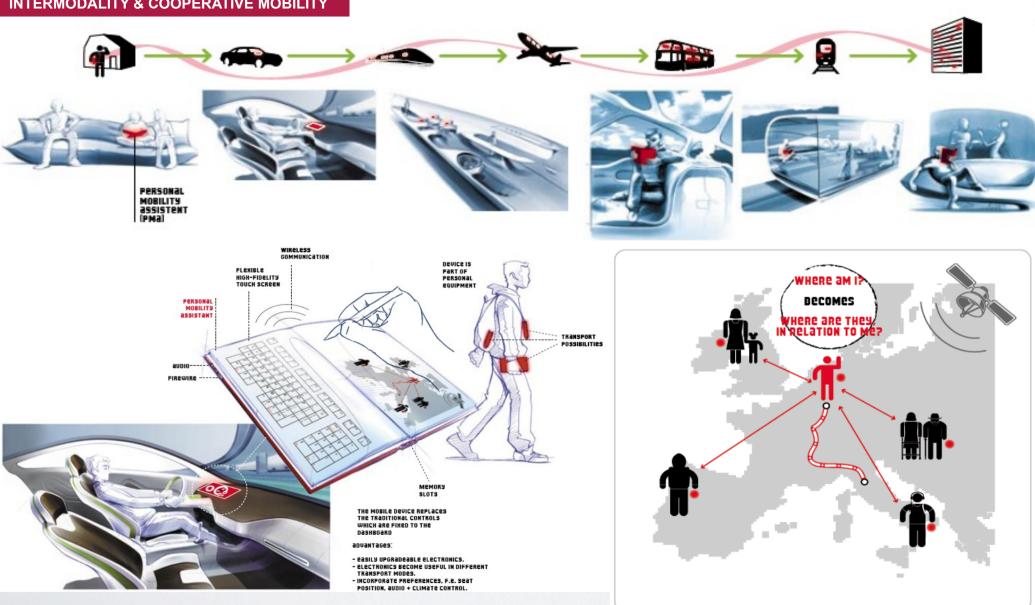
- Sufficient energy supply to the electric car
- Electric cars as a mobile storage system

- Electromobility as integral part of urban mobility
 - CO₂ reduction through electric cars
 - Complete urban mobility through integration of individual and public transport

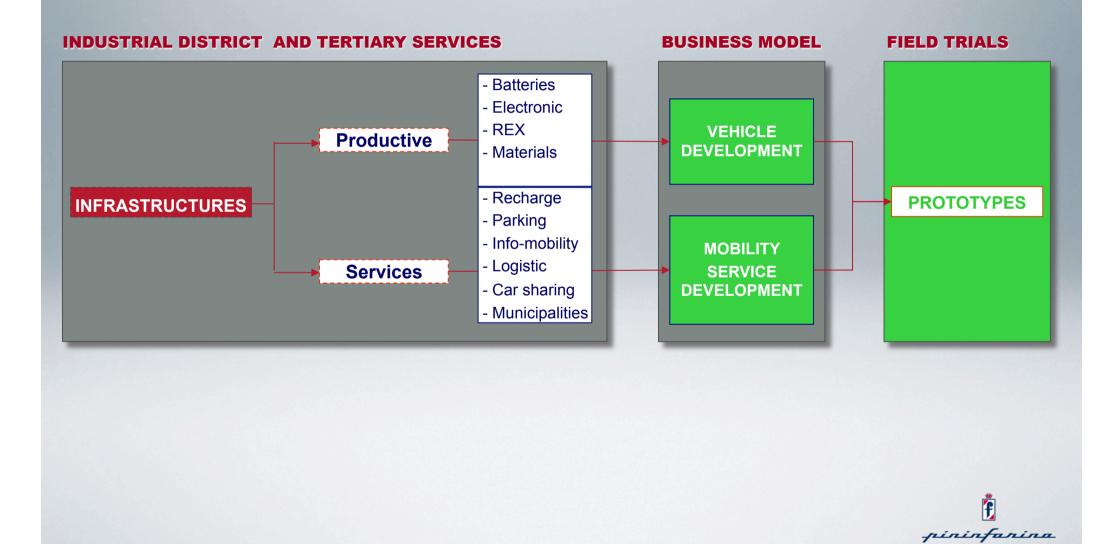


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INTERMODALITY & COOPERATIVE MOBILITY









PININFARINA NIDO EV (2010)



MULTIFUNCTIONAL ROLLING CHASSIS

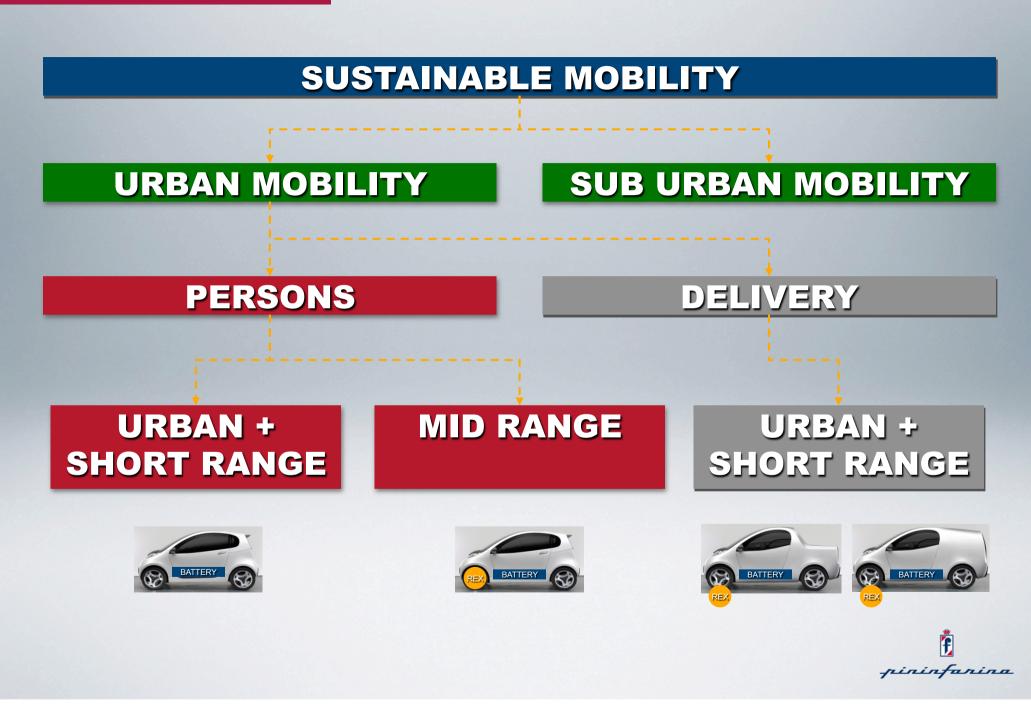


BATTERY PACK FUEL TANK MECHANICHS REX HVAC MOTOR ELECTRONICS LIGHTWEIGT MAT.

Ethos Chassis

pininfarina.





ECOGEM PROJECT





The **EcoGem** project goes one step further the conventional ADAS system by proposing an ADAS especially designed for Fully Electric Vehicles (FEVs).

FEVs present some special characteristics due to their electrical nature. In particular, the following factors should be taken into consideration as they effect the vehicle range autonomy:

- their energy storage capabilities are limited,
- their recharging time are long

EcoGem is designed to provide extra functionalities that ensures a comfortable and relaxed driving. The attempt is to eliminate the driver anxiety regarding:

- \succ the distance to charging station,
- \succ the next time of charging,
- the destination reachability,



The EcoGem ADAS renders the FEV capable of reaching the desired destination(s) through the most energy efficient route(s) by:

- > autonomous optimised route planning exploiting vehicle's own tracked records,
- cooperative optimised route planning exploiting vehicle-to-vehicle (V2V) interactions to share its route selection experiences with other EcoGem FEVs..
- cooperative optimised route planning exploiting vehicle-to-infrastructure (V2I) communication in case for instance, of Centralised fleet management.

In all planning schemes, the most energy efficient route calculation is achieved by applying machine learning algorithms on past tracked data records. These data records include:

- \succ energy consumption information per entire route and per route segment,
- time-related information like time-zone and month,
- vehicle-specific information like battery info and consumption rate,
- map-related information like road segment inclination and length,
- > weather-related information like humidity.



The EcoGem ADAS is also responsible for:

- continuous awareness of recharging points
- optimised recharging planning.

Based on the current battery levels, energy consumption rate and contextual information (desired destination, present location, daytime, traffic, user agenda, etc.), the EcoGem ADAS can prompt the driver, whenever necessary, to:

- > select a recharging option (normal or fast recharging, or battery replacement)
- > to book the most convenient recharging point.

Booking in advance allows for exclusive access to the recharging point at the time of arrival. The ADAS must:

- ensure that the recharging point is reached on time, by informing the driver about the optimal route to the recharging station,
- > also minimise the detour caused to the driver.



Recharging management is a very critical issue considering the sensitivity and vulnerability of rechargeable electrical batteries. The lifetime and usable energy level of the battery are effected by:

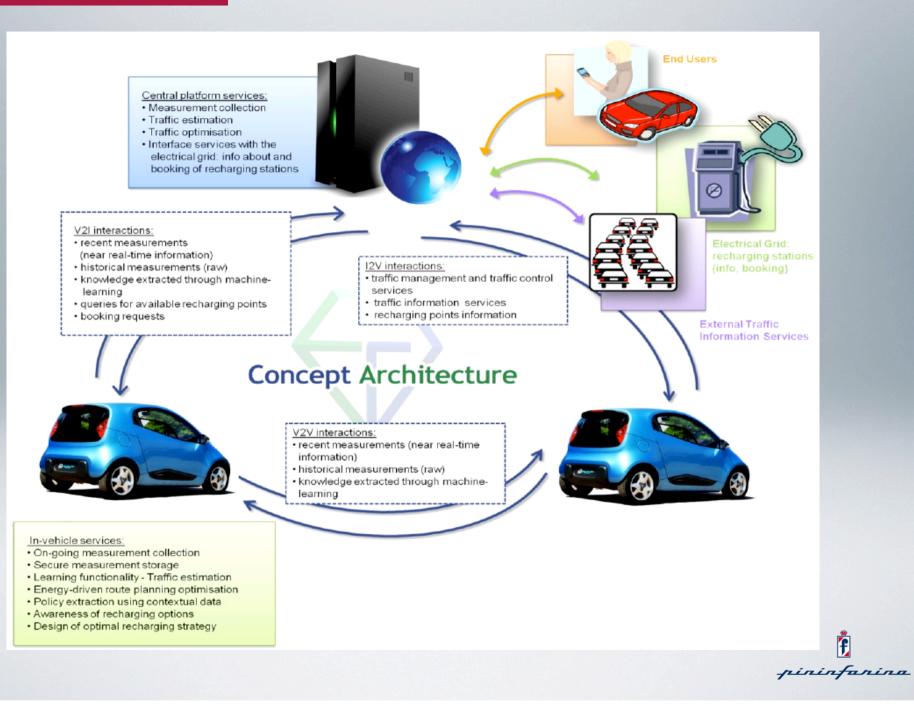
- Timing of charging, state-of-charge (SOC) level at the moment of charging,
- SOC target at the end of charging process,
- frequency of charging

Thus, **EcoGem** provides an important tool for both the vehicle and battery manufacturer to predict much more precisely the SOC levels at distances ahead.

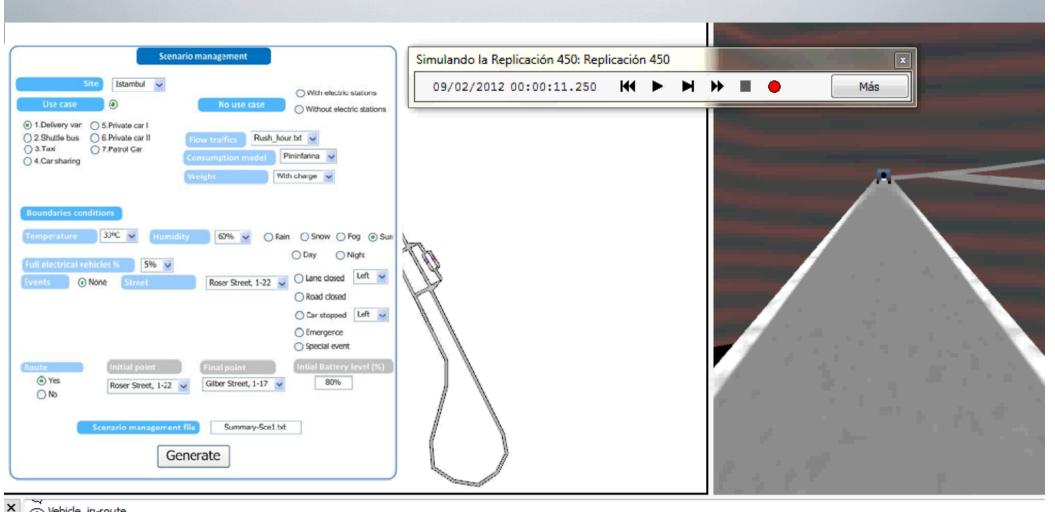
Data regarding the availability of the nearest charging stations, as well as the traffic and road conditions data in alternative paths, can gives the input required to choose the best alternative station, taking into account:

- the minimum charging level required,
- the actual condition of the battery cells
- \succ the amount of time available for charging.
- Different charging methods (fast charging, standard charging, or battery swapping).





ECOGEM SIMULATION



(i) Vehicle_in-route

Registro (🖽

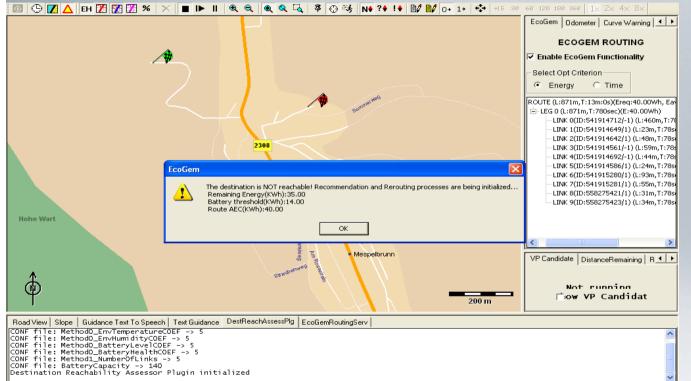
i ID_Segment=111 IDvehicle=3 Electrical consumption=0.00194830246914 kwh Distance=13.88888888889 m

ID_Segment=1 IDvehide=3 Electrical consumption=0.00733266157237 kwh Distance=13.8888888888 m

DEVELOPMENT OF SIMULATION PLATFORM



ECOGEM GUI

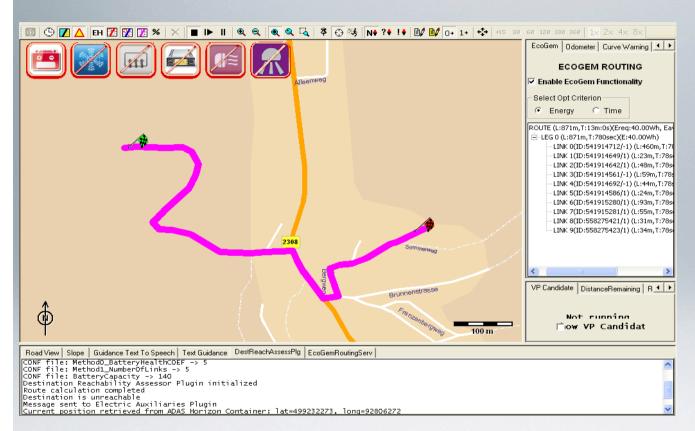


Set source

- Set destination
- Route is calculated
- Battery energy is insufficient to reach destination
- A windows message box informs about the current battery energy and the required energy



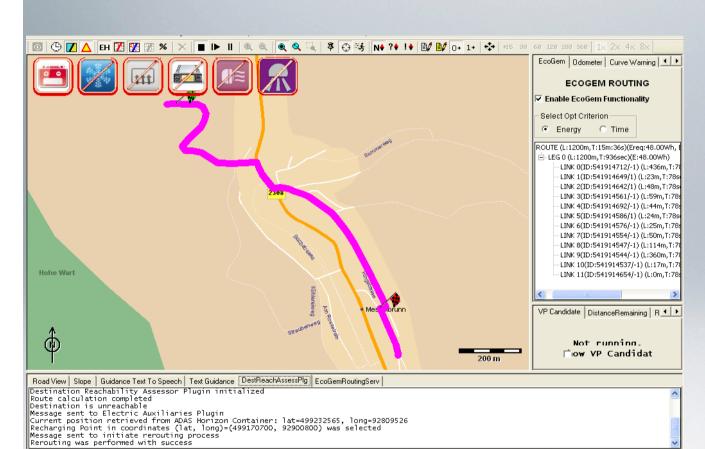
ECOGEM GUI



- Electric auxiliaries recommendations are prompted
- The Rerouting process towards the nearest recharging point is initialized
- The EcoGem plugin displays the info of the calculated route
- The log of the Destination Reachability Assessor plugin reports the performed tasks



ECOGEM GUI



• The route towards the nearest recharging point is calculated



ASTUTE PROJECT







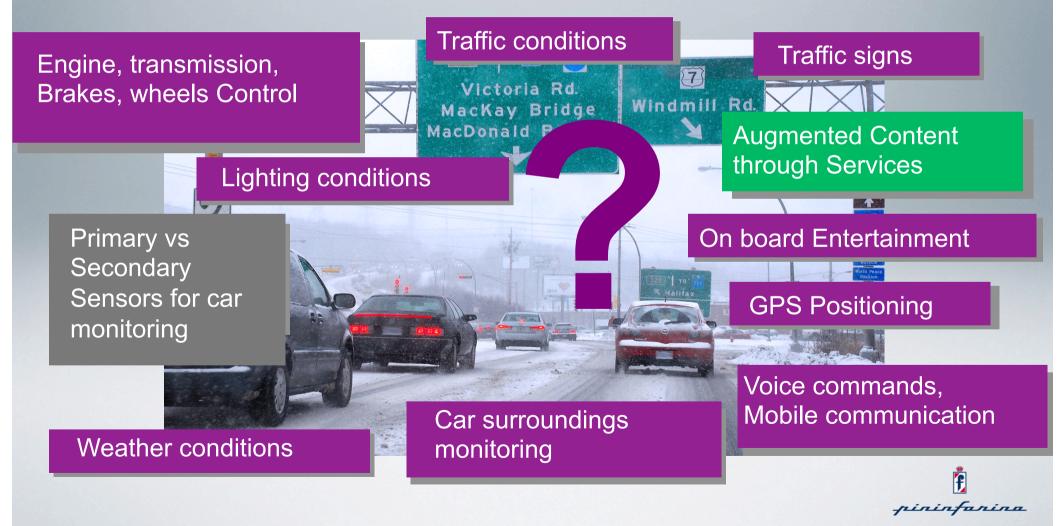
- Cars expected to evolve significantly between 2015-2020
- Increasingly becoming a moving set of heterogeneous sensors interconnected to powerful application processors
- Targeting improvements on both safety and grant access to a richer set of information through innovative cloud services





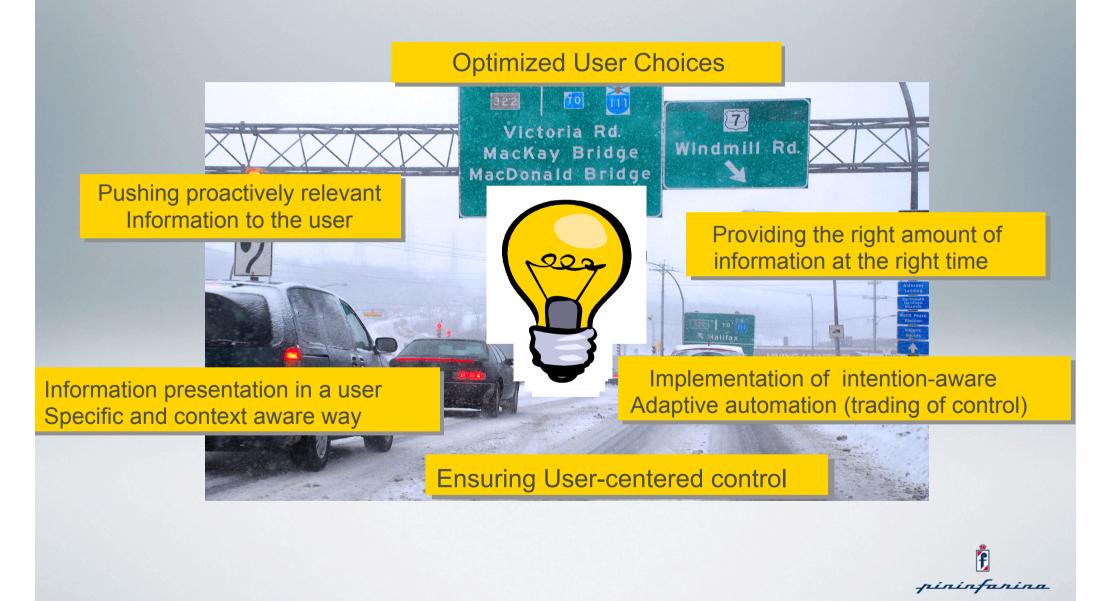
DRIVER CHALLENGES (SOME) ...

Users are **overwhelmed** by too many heterogeneous information and are experiencing **difficulties** when processing those to take the **right decisions**



ASTUTE PROPOSAL

... CAN BE ADDRESSED THROUGH ...

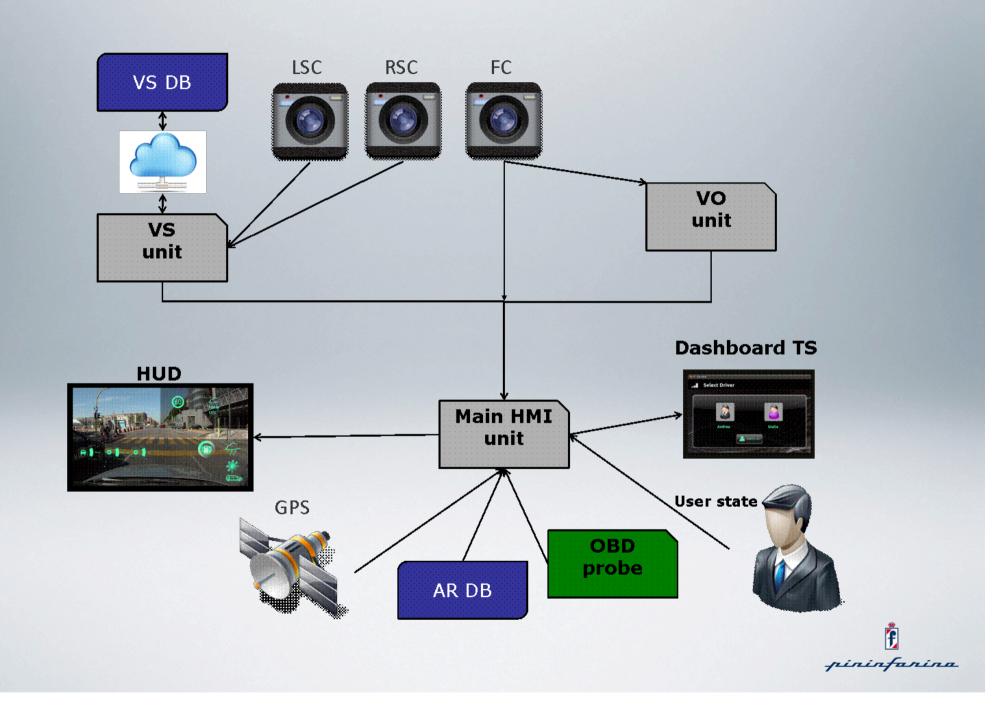


Enabling context-aware and pro-active decision support in complex data and information-intensive situations.

⇒ Demonstrators for field studies :

- > avionics
- automotive infotainment
- emergency dispatching
- building management
- manufacturing process management



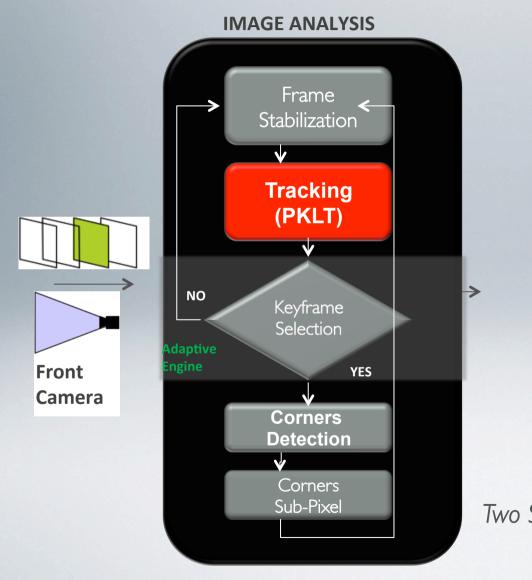


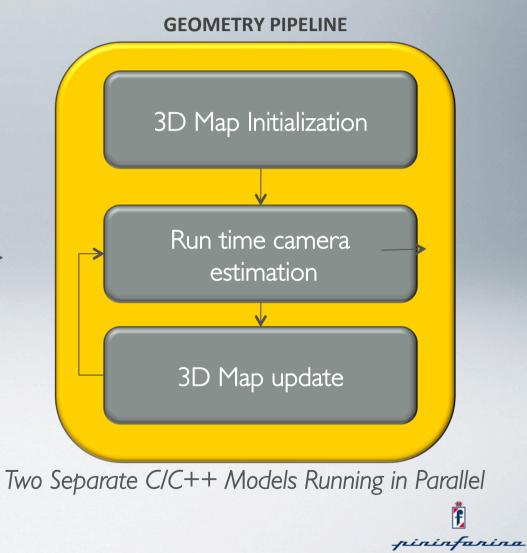
- GPSD: This daemon monitors one or more GPS receivers attached to a host computer through serial or USB ports (Bluetooth), making all data on the location/course/velocity of the sensors available to the upper layers (Aggregator).
- OBDD (On-Board Diagnostics): is a daemon for monitoring vehicle's selfdiagnostic and reporting capability through an usb/Bluetooth adapter. OBD systems give the vehicle access to state of health information for various vehicle sub-systems.



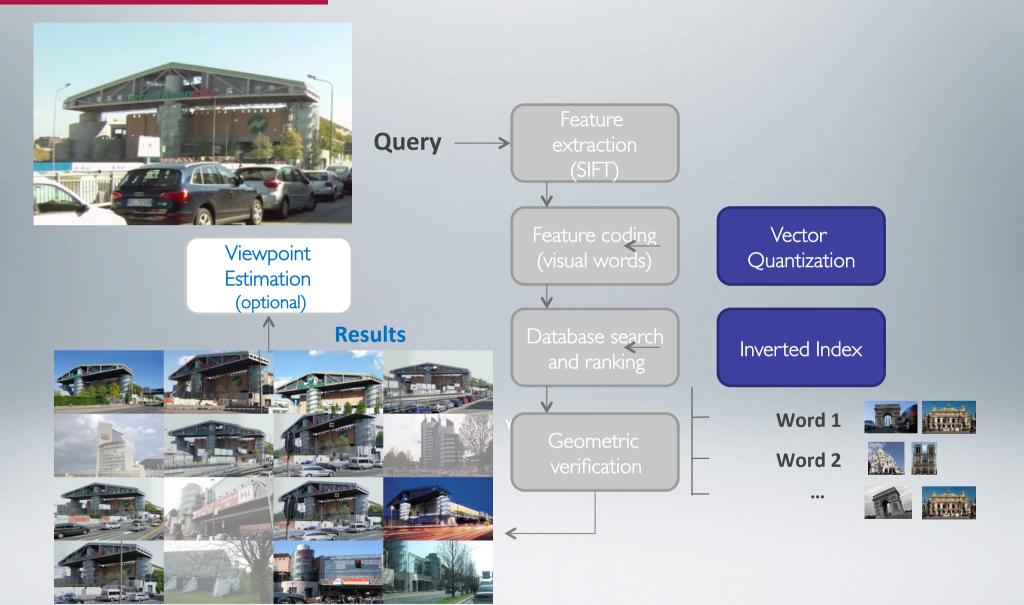
- User State: This daemon reads all user parameters through external sensors connected to the system via USB/Bluetooth (ECC, EEG, Blood Oxygen Level).
- Visual Odometry: This daemon constantly receives the camera pose updates estimated by the visual odometry algorithm. This information is used by the GUI to correctly align the AR layer of information.
- Visual Search: This daemon constantly receives complex information about buildings and monuments from the Visual Search Algorithm which processes the stream coming from the side cameras.
- SSR: This daemon receives the information about the recognized speed road signs.

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VISUAL SEARCH SYSTEM







Head-up Display



Dashboard Touch Screen

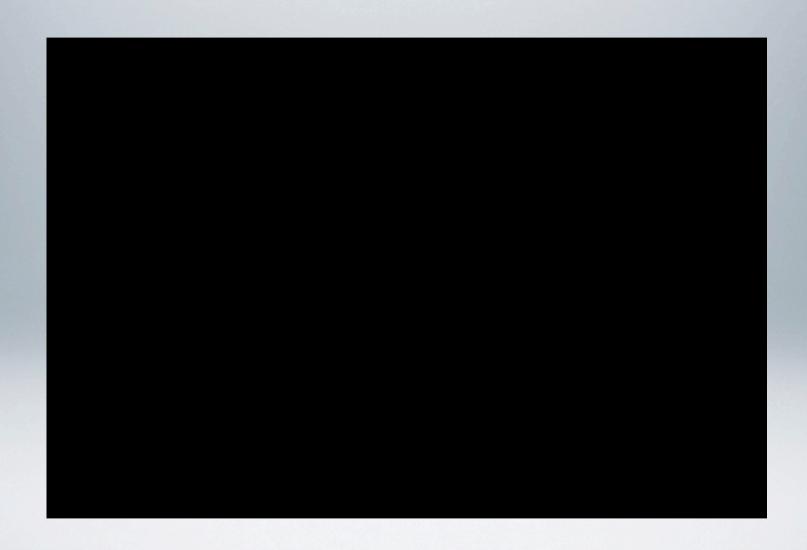
Distributed HMI Controller







DISTRIBUTED HMI









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istituto d'arte applicata e design

